



# Measurement of beam spin asymmetry for exclusive pion electroproduction reaction at Jefferson Lab Hall C

Ali Usman

*University of Regina*

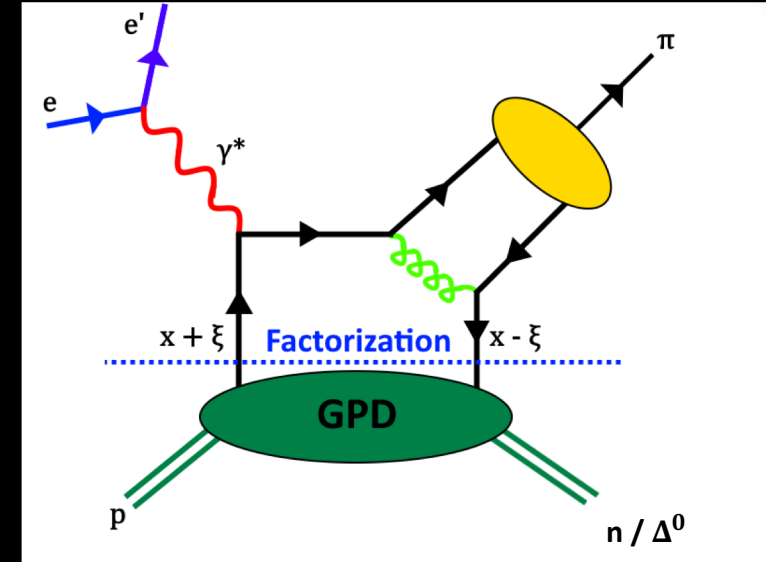
*On behalf of Kaon-LT / Pion-LT collaboration*

*APS DNP Meeting (Boston 2024)*



# Introduction

- Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs) are important tool to study 3D structure of hadrons.
  - Can be studied via DVCS or **DEMP**
- While significant work has been done for the study of ground state nucleon, little is known about the  $N \rightarrow \Delta$  transition GPDs.
  - Only one measurement from CLAS12 with exclusive  $\pi^- \Delta^{++}$  (Diehl et al. PRL 131 021901)



- Differential cross-section is dictated by virtual photon polarization  $\epsilon$ .

$$2\pi \frac{d^2\sigma}{dt d\phi} = \epsilon \frac{d\sigma_L}{dt} + \frac{d\sigma_T}{dt} + \sqrt{2\epsilon(\epsilon+1)} \frac{d\sigma_{LT}}{dt} \cos\phi + \epsilon \frac{d\sigma_{TT}}{dt} \cos 2\phi + p \cdot \sqrt{2\epsilon(1-\epsilon)} \frac{d\sigma_{LT'}}{dt} \sin\phi$$

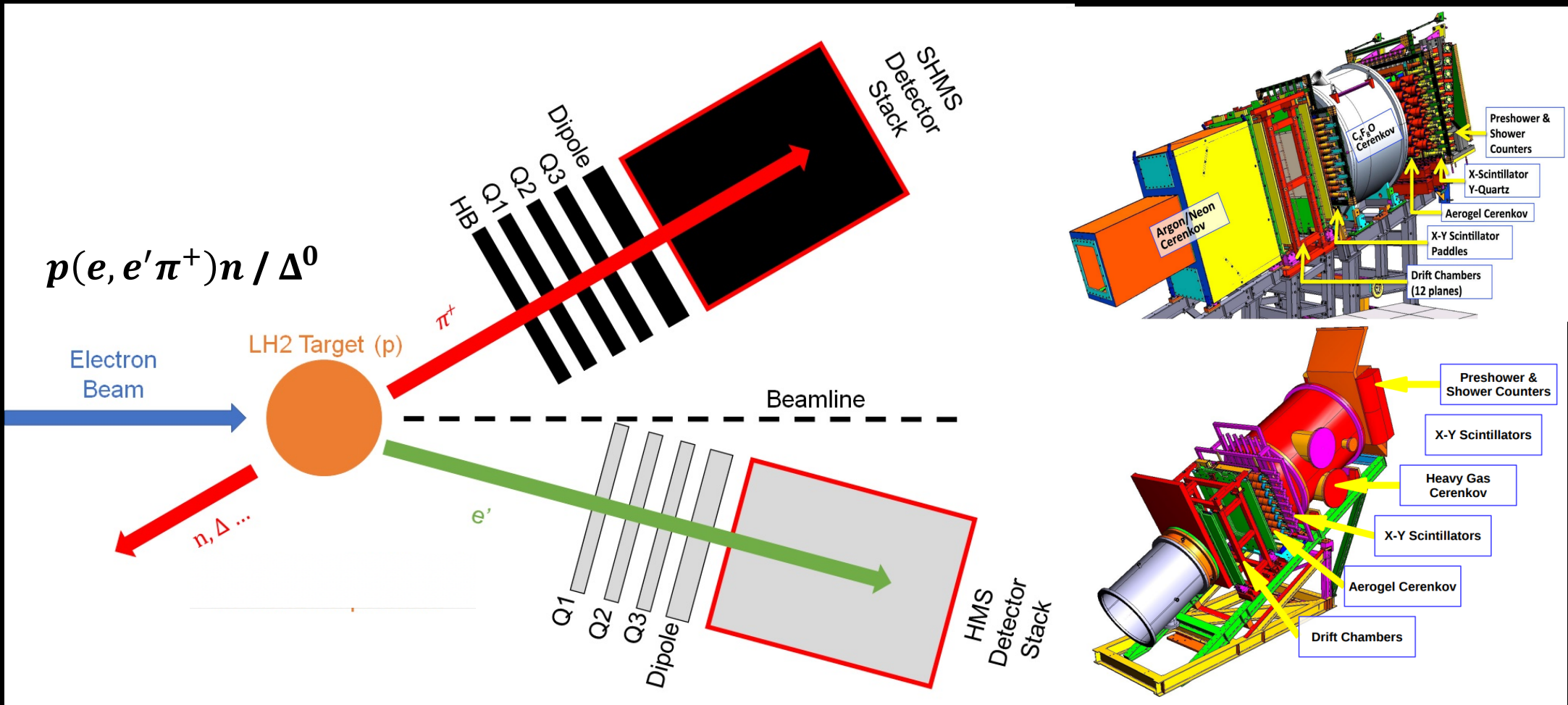
- $\sigma_{LT'}$  can be accessed through Beam Spin Asymmetry ( $A_{LU}$ )

$$A_{LU} = \left[ \frac{1}{P} \left( \frac{\sigma^+ - \sigma^-}{\sigma^+ + \sigma^-} \right) \right] = \left[ \frac{1}{P} \left( \frac{Y^+ - Y^-}{Y^+ + Y^-} \right) \right] \propto \frac{\sigma_{LT'}}{\sigma^0}$$

$P = 89^{+1}_{-3}\%$  (S. Wood and D. Gaskell)



Hall C 12 GeV upgrade was motivated by extreme forward angle requirements for L/T separation experiments.





# Kaon-LT Experiment (E12-09-011)

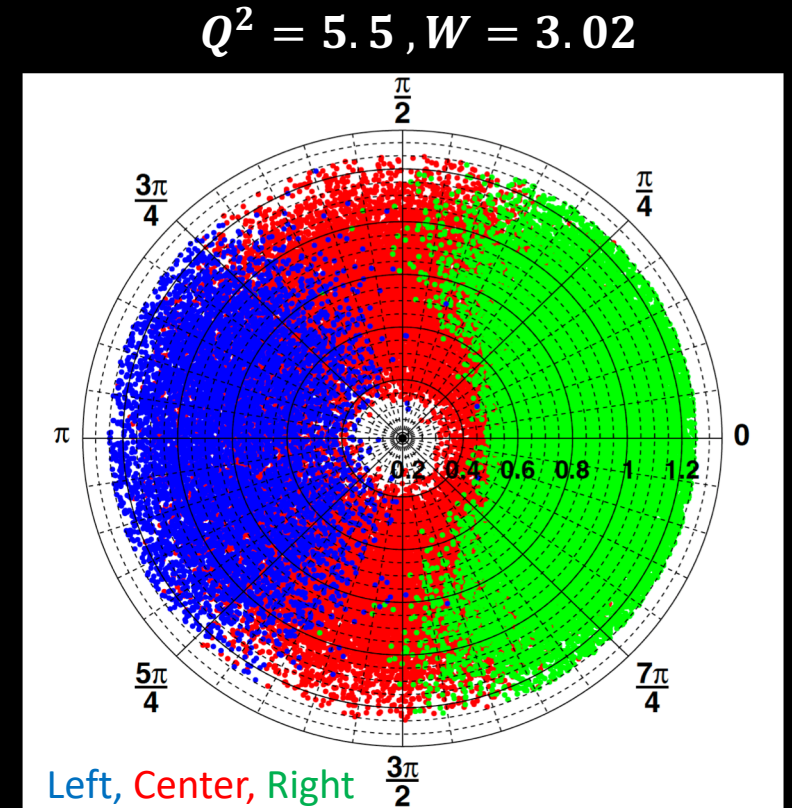
- First dedicated experiment to study exclusive kaon electroproduction reaction.
  - Data collected 2018-2019 (~ 60 % complete)
- $p(e, e' K^+) \Lambda$  cross-section is ~ 1/10 times  $p(e, e' \pi^+) n$  cross-section.
  - First paper on  $p(e, e' \pi^+) n$  BSA under review (Postuma et al. PRL)
  - Ideal dataset to study  $p(e, e' \pi^+) \Delta^0$  reaction.

E (GeV)	Q <sup>2</sup> (GeV <sup>2</sup> )	W (GeV)	$x_B$	$\epsilon_{\text{High}} / \epsilon_{\text{Low}}$
10.6/8.2	5.5	3.02	0.40	0.53/0.18
10.6/8.2	4.4	2.74	0.40	0.72/0.48
10.6/8.2	3.0	2.32	0.40	0.88/0.57
10.6/6.2	3.0	3.14	0.25	0.67/0.39
10.6/6.2	2.115	2.95	0.25	0.79/0.25
4.9/3.8	0.5	2.40	0.09	0.70/0.45



# $\phi$ Coverage

- First dedicated experiment to study exclusive kaon electroproduction reaction.
  - Data collected 2018-2019 (~ 60 % complete)
- $p(e, e' K^+) \Lambda$  cross-section is ~ 1/10 times  $p(e, e' \pi^+) n$  cross-section.
  - First paper on  $p(e, e' \pi^+) n$  BSA under review (Postuma et al. PRL)
  - Ideal dataset to study  $p(e, e' \pi^+) \Delta^0$  reaction.
- To get a full  $\phi$  coverage, data is taken three degrees on the left and right of the  $Q$ -vector (in pion arm).

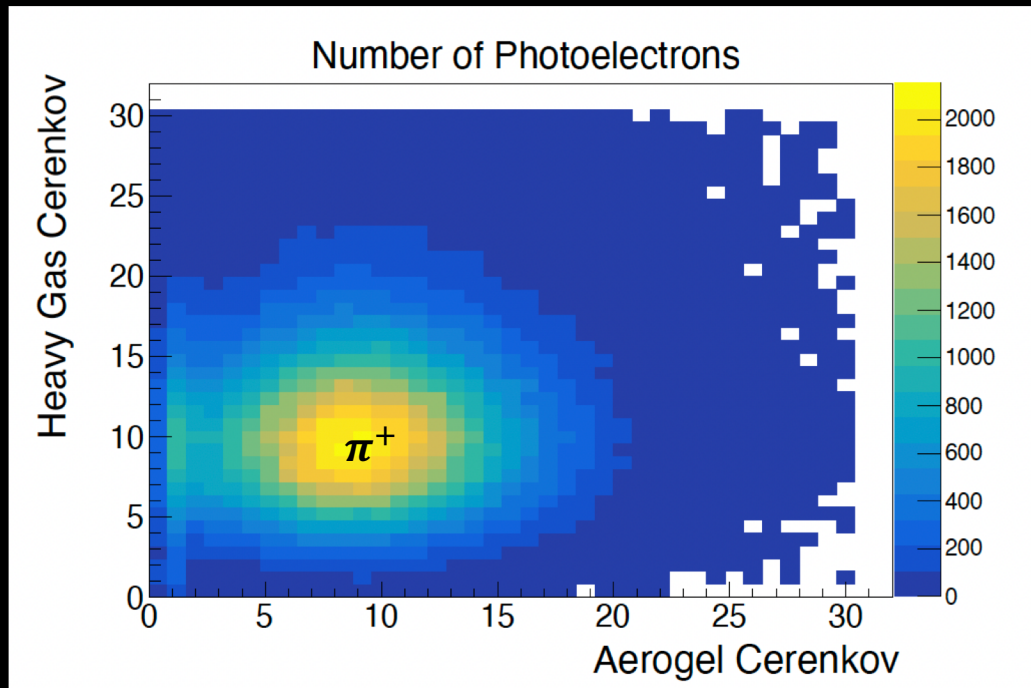


Radial axis –  $t$   
Azimuthal angle -  $\phi$

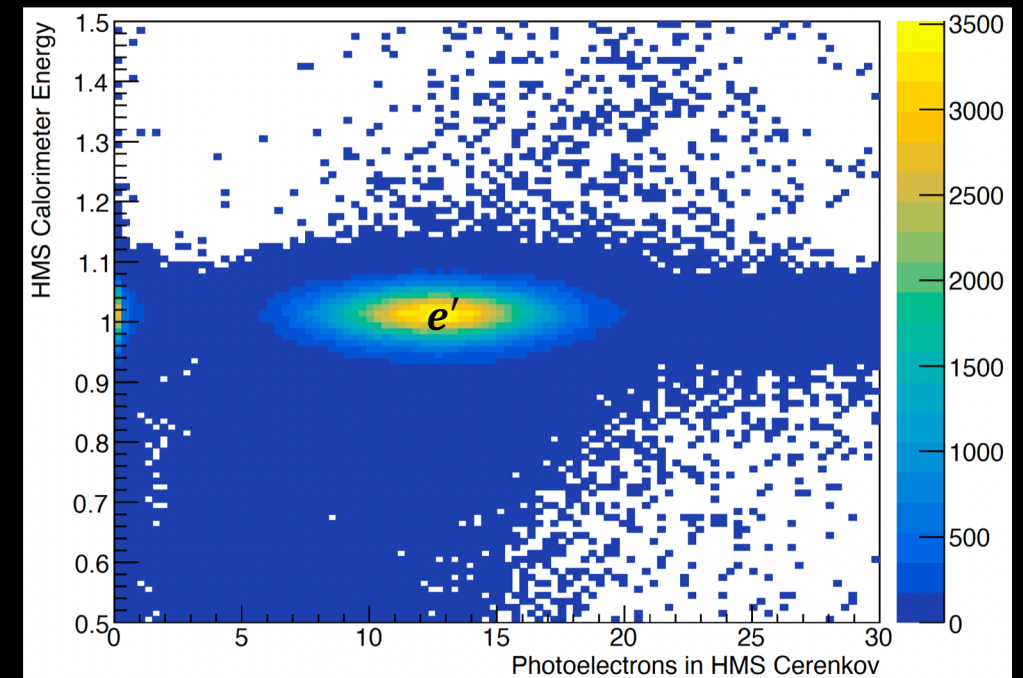


# Particle ID

## Pion Selection (SHMS)



## Electron Selection (HMS)



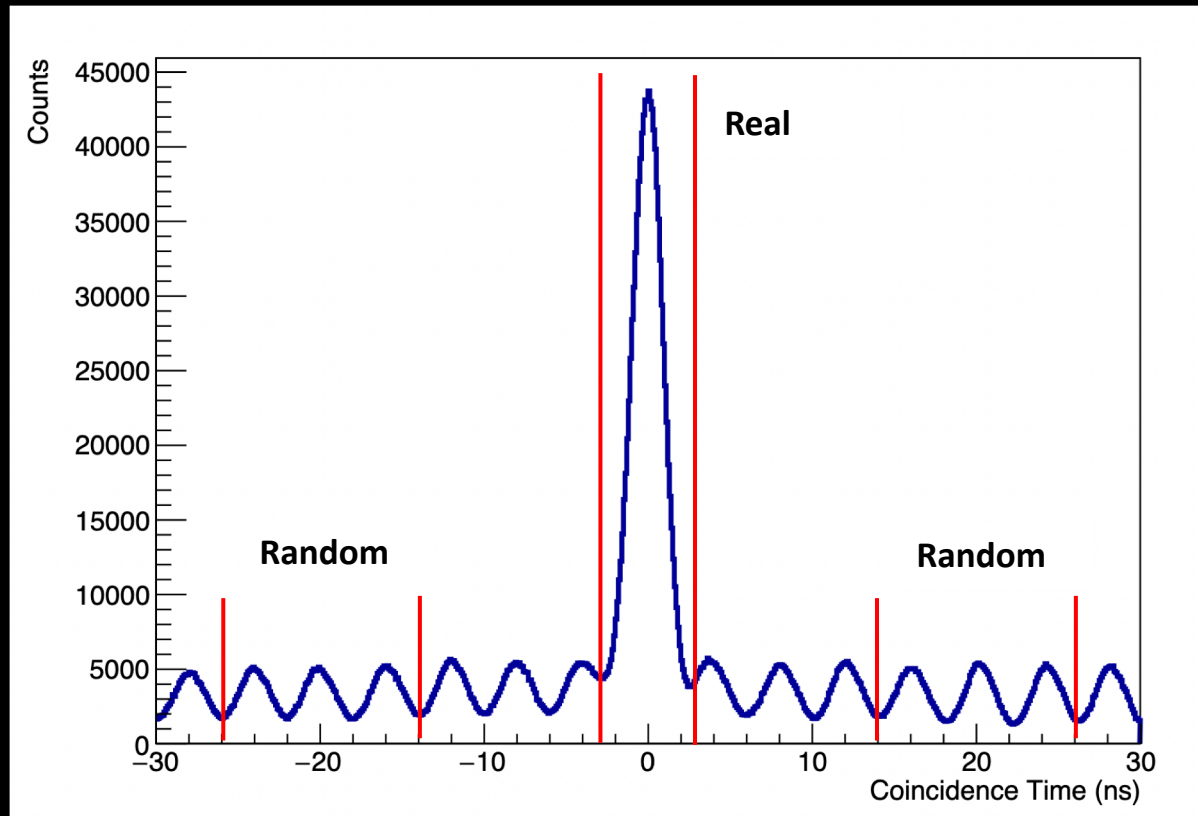
$$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$$



# Event Selection

➤  $e' - \pi^+$  Coincidence

$$e' - \pi^+ \text{ Coin Time} = HMS_{time} - SHMS_{time}$$



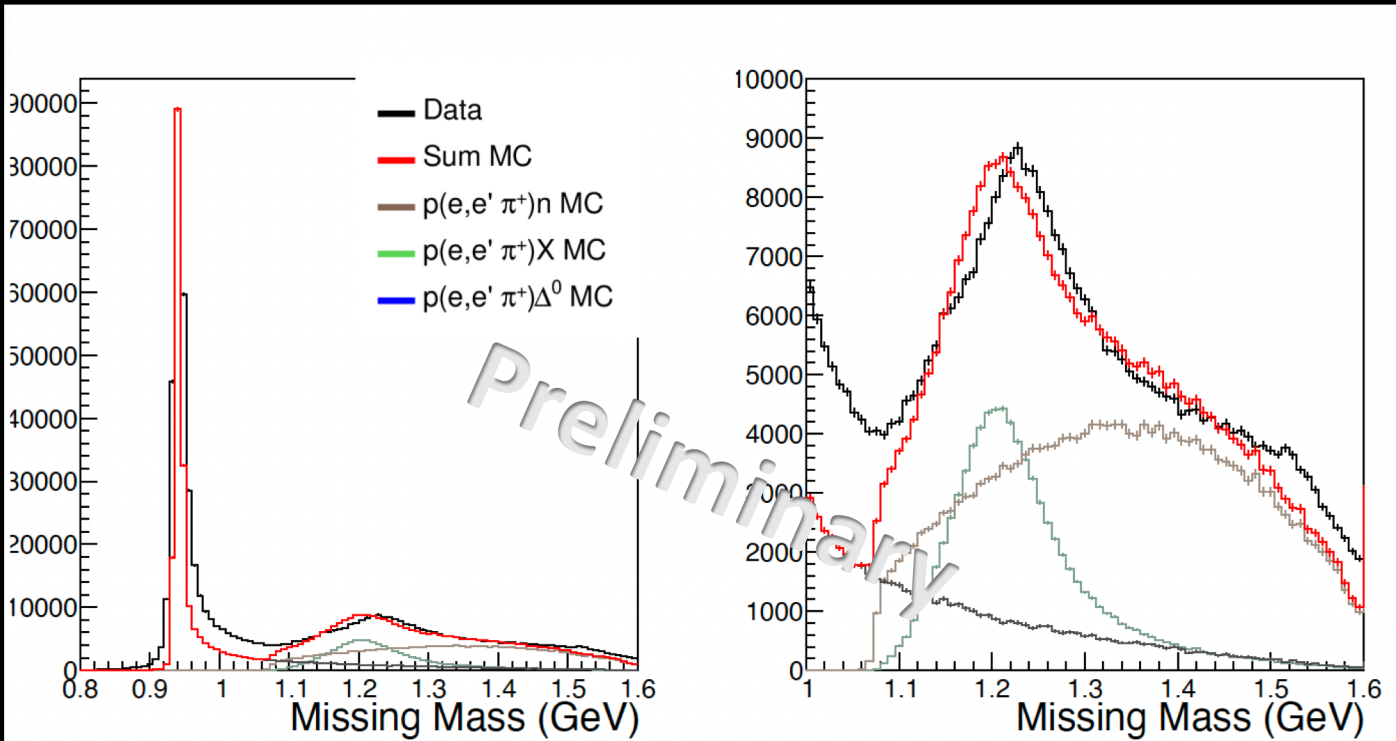
$$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$$



# Missing Mass

$$M_m = \sqrt{(E_e + m_p - E_{e'} - E_{\pi^+})^2 - (\mathbf{p}_e - \mathbf{p}_{e'} - \mathbf{p}_{\pi^+})^2}$$

$p(e, e' \pi^+)n$  MC is subtracted by fitting it to the data in the neutron peak region.



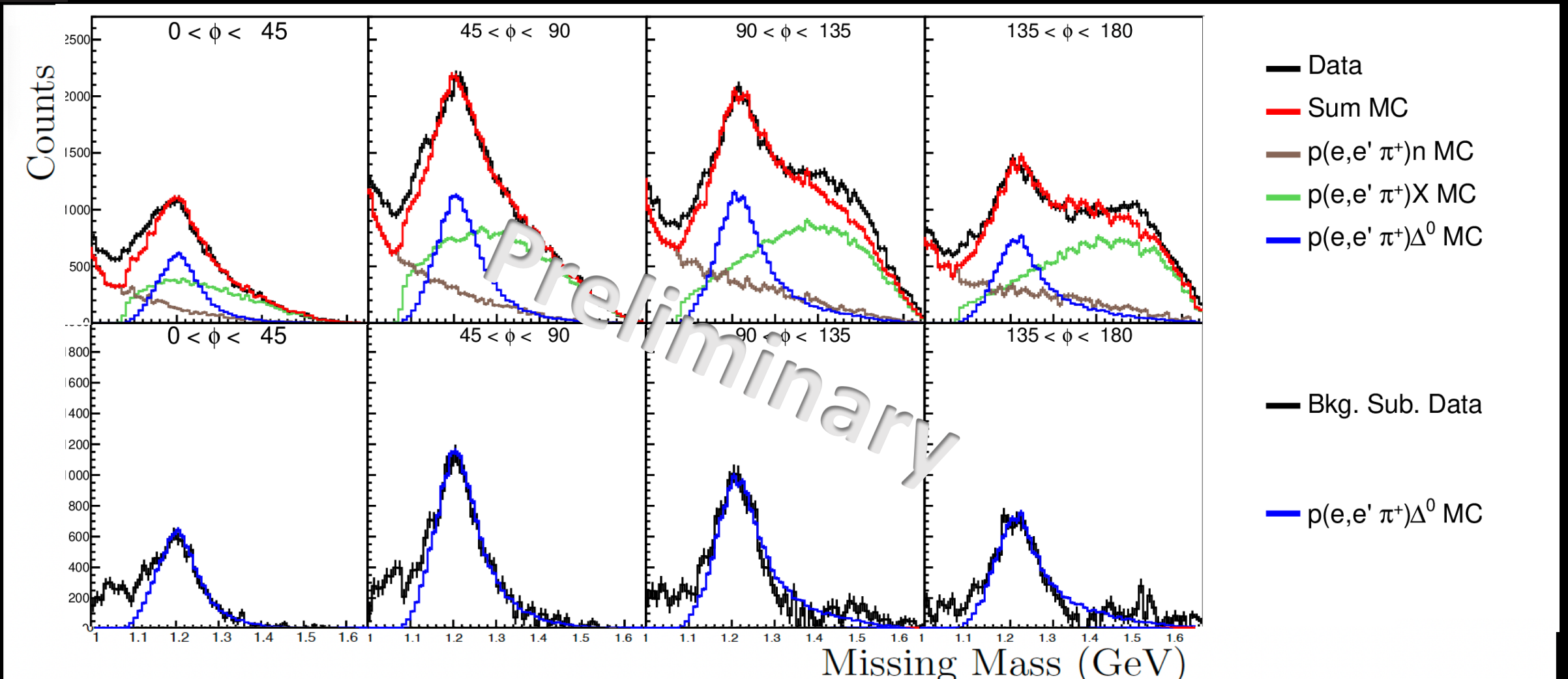
$p(e, e' \pi^+)X$  MC is subtracted by fitting it to the data in the region (1.45-1.60 GeV).

$p(e, e' \pi^+)\Delta^0$  is fitted to the background subtracted data in the region (1.15-1.30 GeV).





# $\Delta^0$ Shape Study



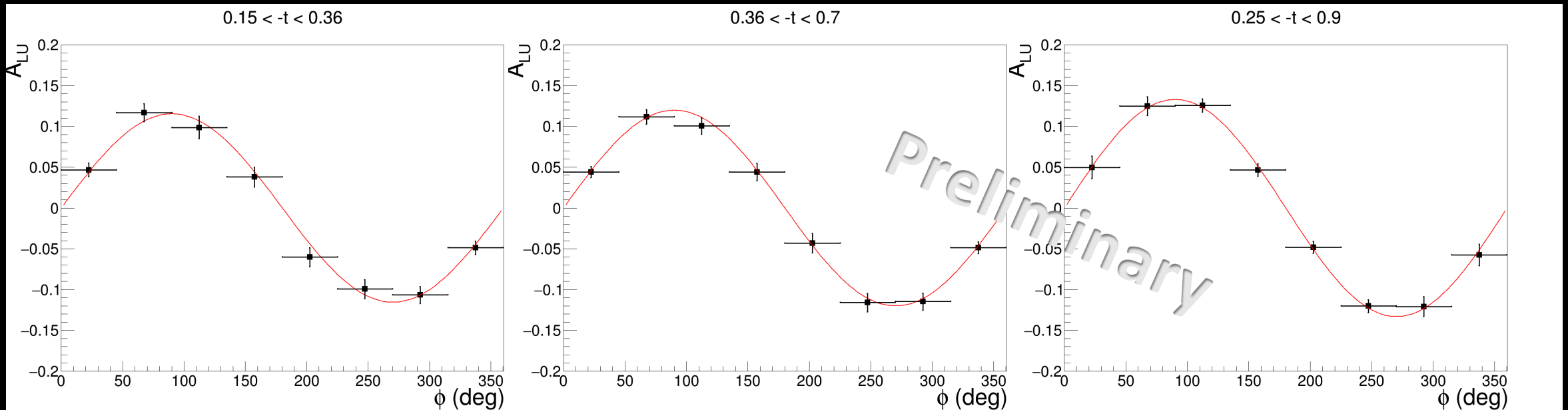
$$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$$



# $A_{LU}$ v/s $\phi$

➤ BSA is calculated by integrating  $p(e, e' \pi^+) \Delta^0$  missing mass (1.11 - 1.40 GeV).

$$A_{LU} = \left[ \frac{1}{P} \left( \frac{Y^+ - Y^-}{Y^+ + Y^-} \right) \right] \quad \delta_{stat} = \frac{2}{P} \sqrt{\frac{Y^+ \cdot Y^-}{(Y^+ + Y^-)^3}}$$



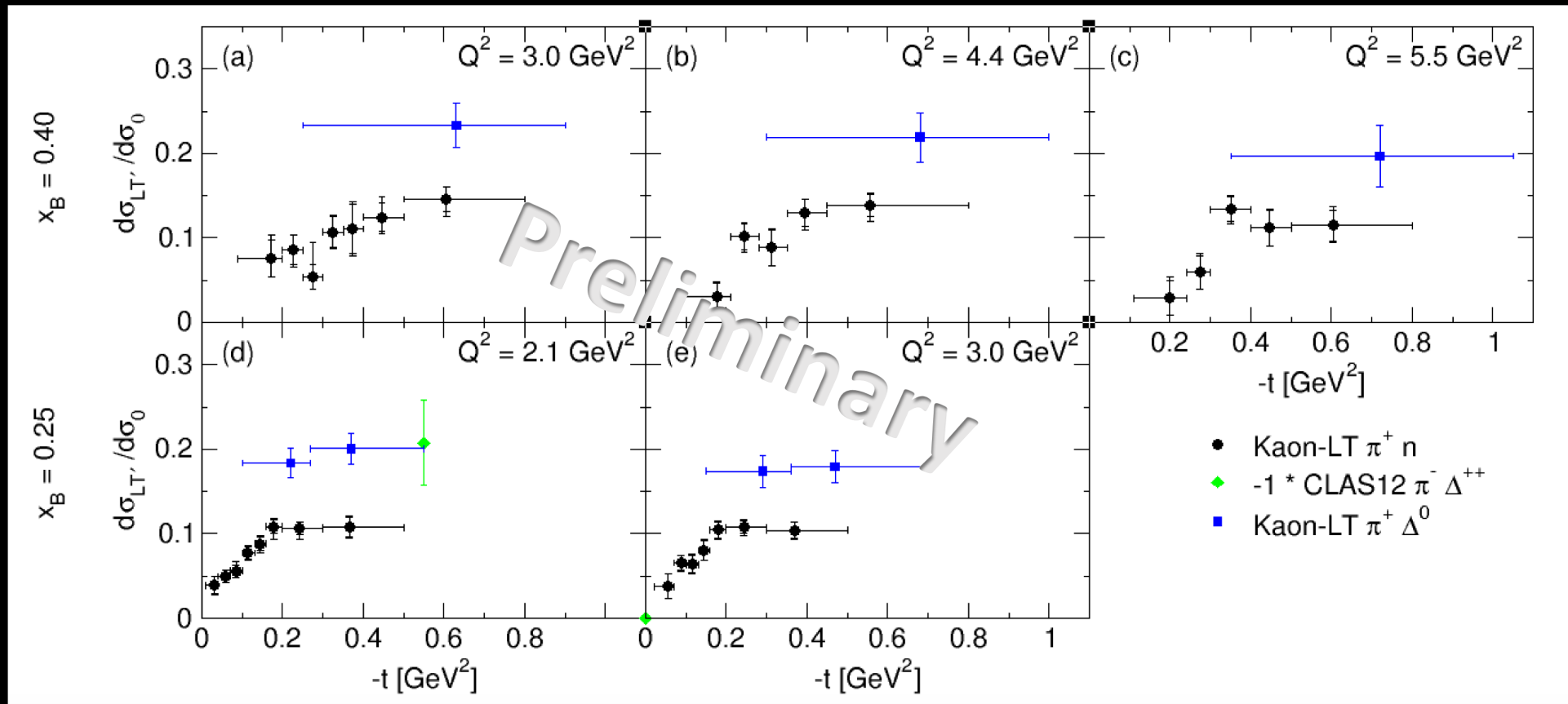
➤ Only statistical errors shown here.

$$Q^2 = 3.0 \text{ GeV}^2$$



$$\sigma_{LT'} / \sigma_0 \text{ v/s } -t$$

- Within limited  $-t$  coverage,  $\sigma_{LT'} / \sigma_0$  show similar trend for both  $\pi^+ n$  and  $\pi^+ \Delta^0$
- The  $\sigma_{LT'} / \sigma_0$  magnitude for  $\pi^+ \Delta^0$  is approximately double than the  $\pi^+ n$  across different settings.

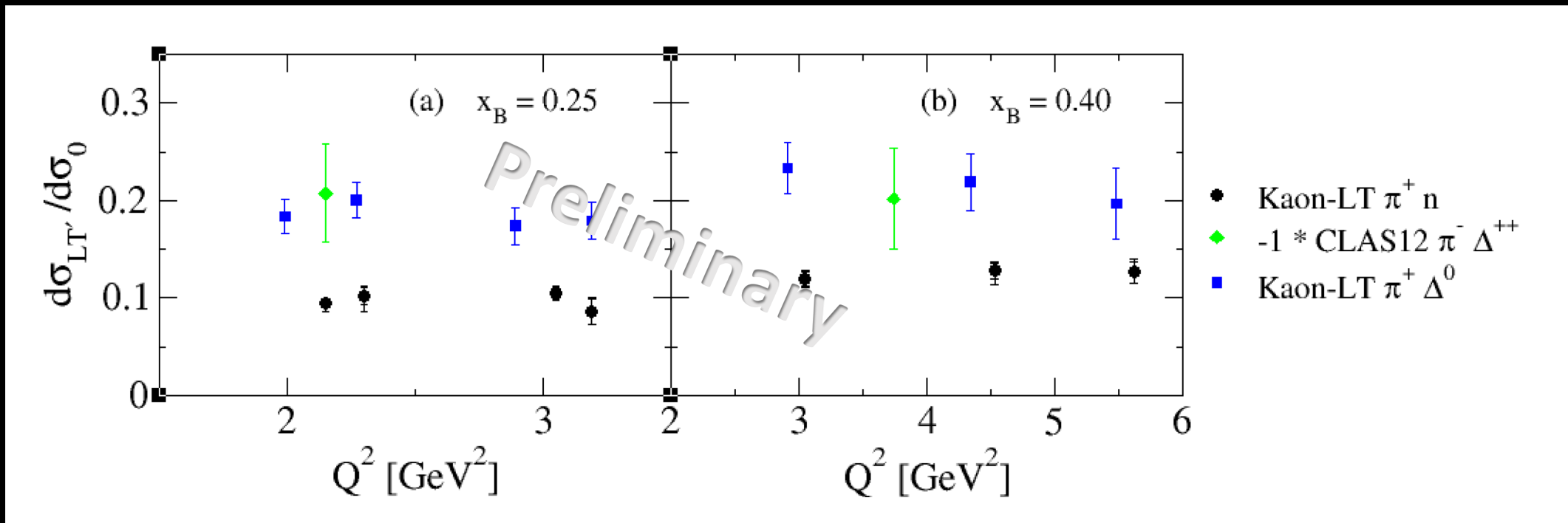


- Only statistical errors shown here



$$\sigma_{LT'} / \sigma_0 \text{ v/s } Q^2$$

- The  $\sigma_{LT'} / \sigma_0$  magnitude for  $\pi^+ \Delta^0$  and  $\pi^- \Delta^{++}$  is comparable across different settings.
- The  $\pi^- \Delta^{++}$  has opposite sign due to quark flavor change.



- Only statistical errors shown here



# Summary

- Kaon-LT Experiment (E12-09-011) gives access to high statistic exclusive pion electroproduction data.
- Beam Spin Asymmetry analysis for  $p(e, e' \pi^+)n$  is complete.
  - Paper under review (Postuma et al. PRL)
- First measurement of Beam Spin Asymmetry for  $p(e, e' \pi^+) \Delta^0$  is almost complete.
  - Currently evaluating systematic uncertainties.
- **Need theory support from both Regge and GPD framework to**
  - **Confirm hard-soft factorization**
  - **Extract transition GPDs**

# Thank You !!!



This research is funded by Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada (NSERC) FRN: SAPIN-2021-00026 and the National Science Foundation of USA (NSF), PHY1714133 and PHY2012430

# Kaon-LT and Pion-LT Collaboration

## ➤ Spokespeople

Garth Huber, Dave Gaskell, Tanja Horn, Pete Markowitz

## ➤ Key Members

Richard Trotta, Alicia Postuma, Portia Switzer, Stephen Kay, Vijay Kumar, Nathan Heinrich, Muhammad Junaid, Abdennacer Hamidi, Julie Roche



# Backup

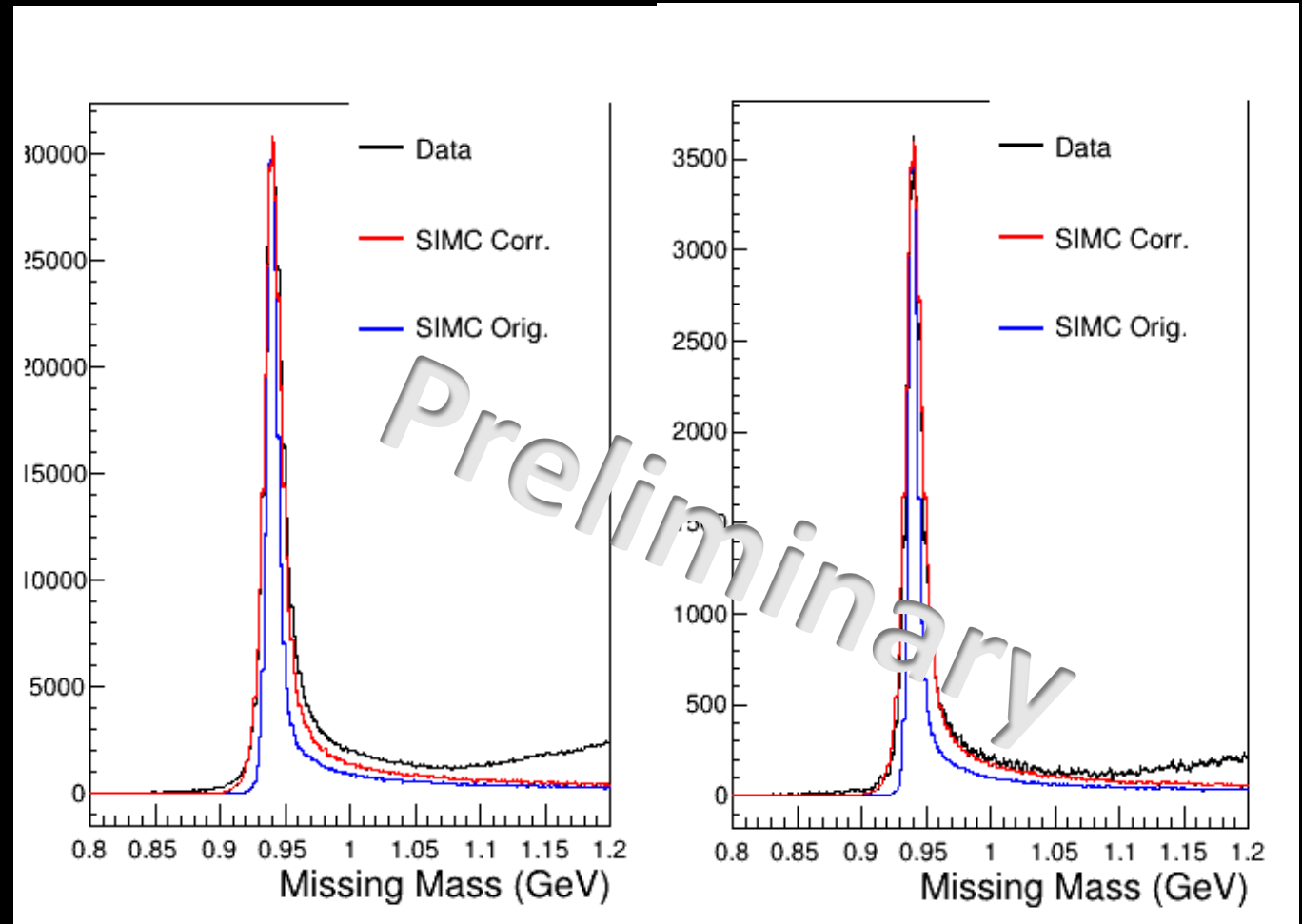






# Monte Carlo Resolution Correction

- Hall C Monte Carlo (SIMC) drift chamber resolution has been optimized.
- Resolution difference b/w data and MC vary for different kinematics.
  - A global correction factor is used.
- A systematic uncertainty will be evaluated for remaining resolution difference.

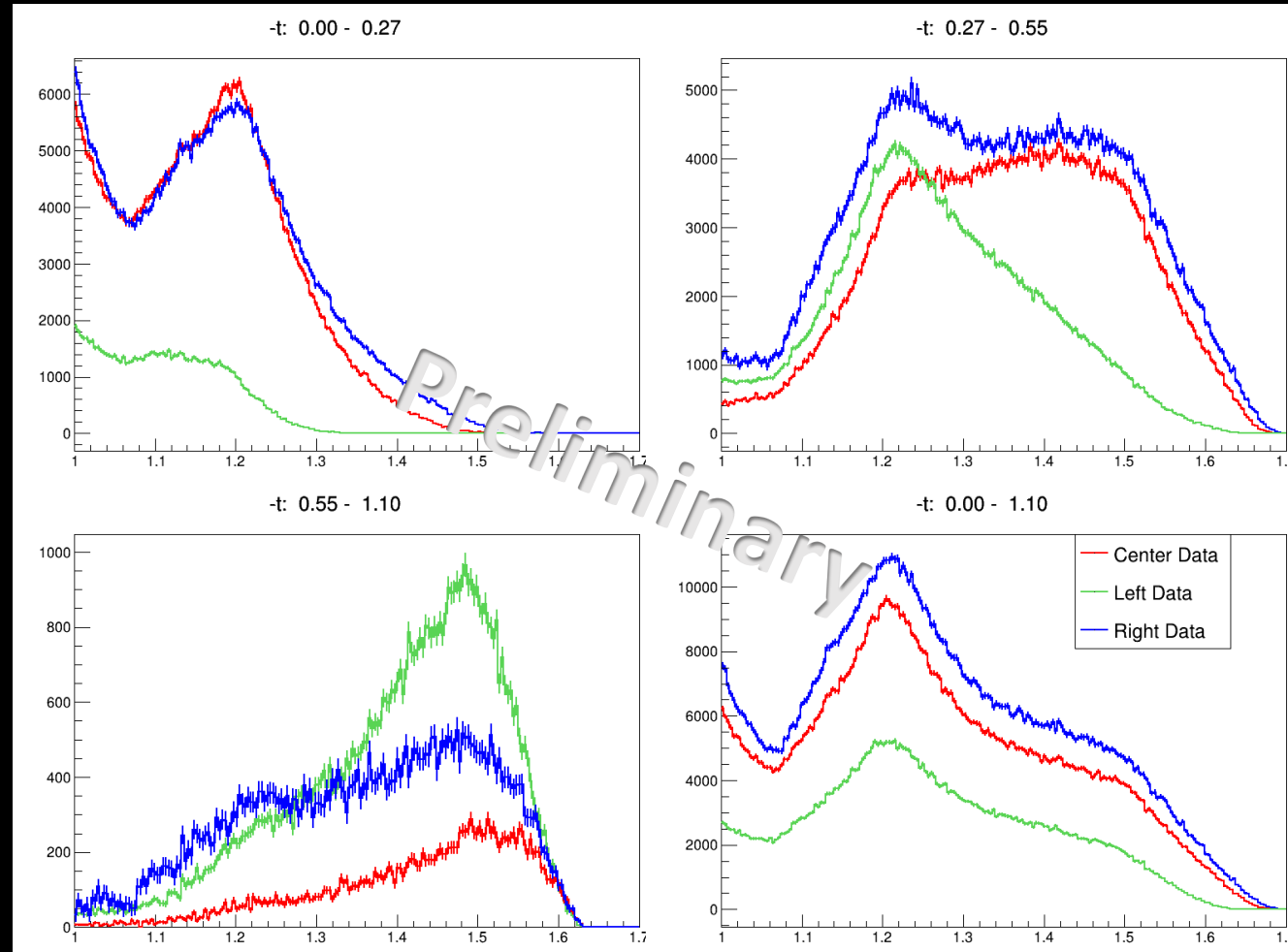


$$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$$

$$Q^2 = 4.4, W = 2.74$$



# Missing Mass (t-binning)



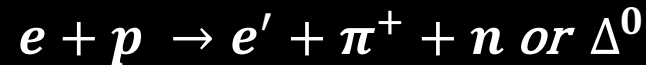
$$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$$

Ali Usman



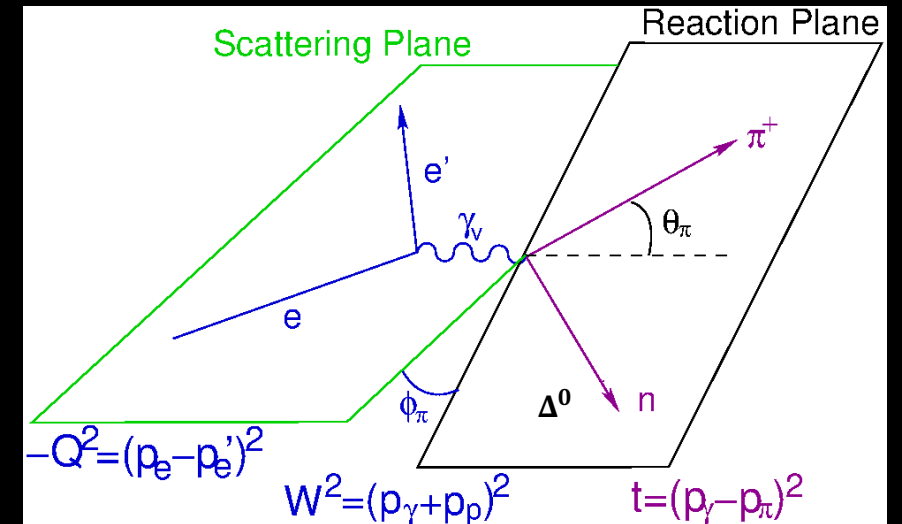
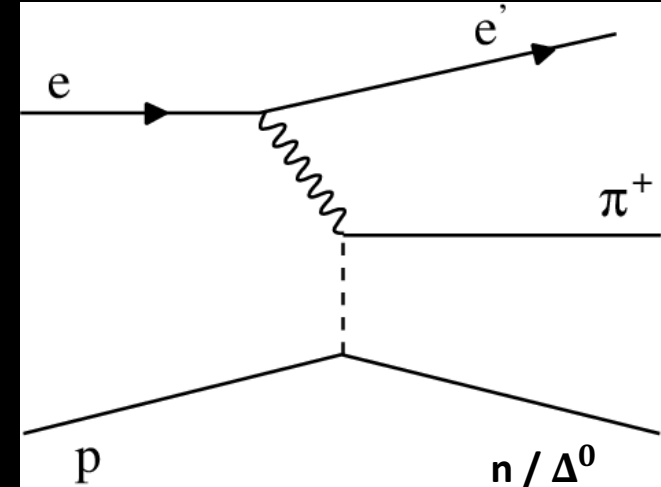
# Exclusive Pion Electroproduction

- Pion is the lightest meson with two valence quarks.
- Pion electroproduction reaction is studied through “*Exclusive Pion Electroproduction*”.



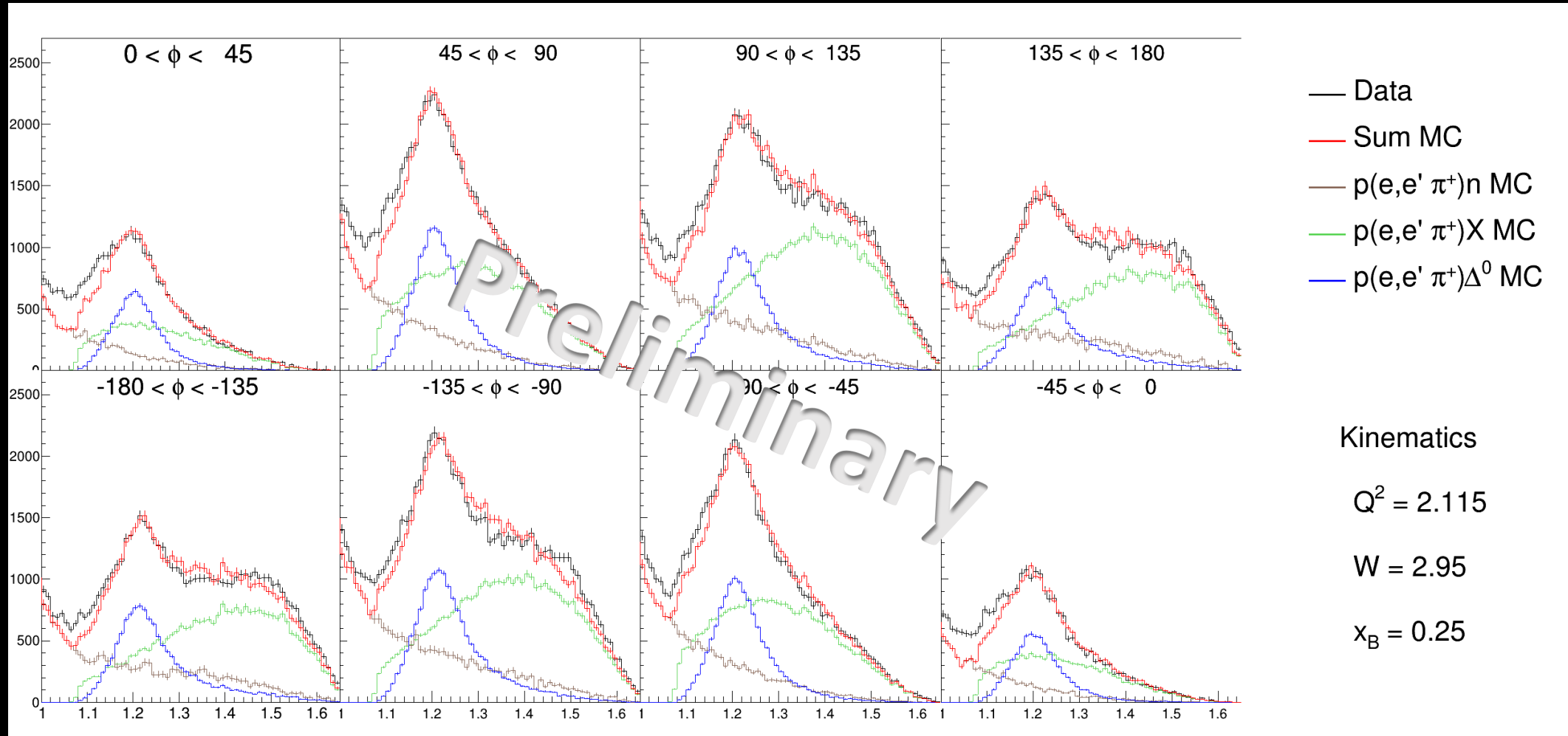
- To study hadron structure, need a precise measurement of this reaction.

- Important Kinematic Quantities
  - $Q^2$ ,  $W$ ,  $-t$  and  $\phi$





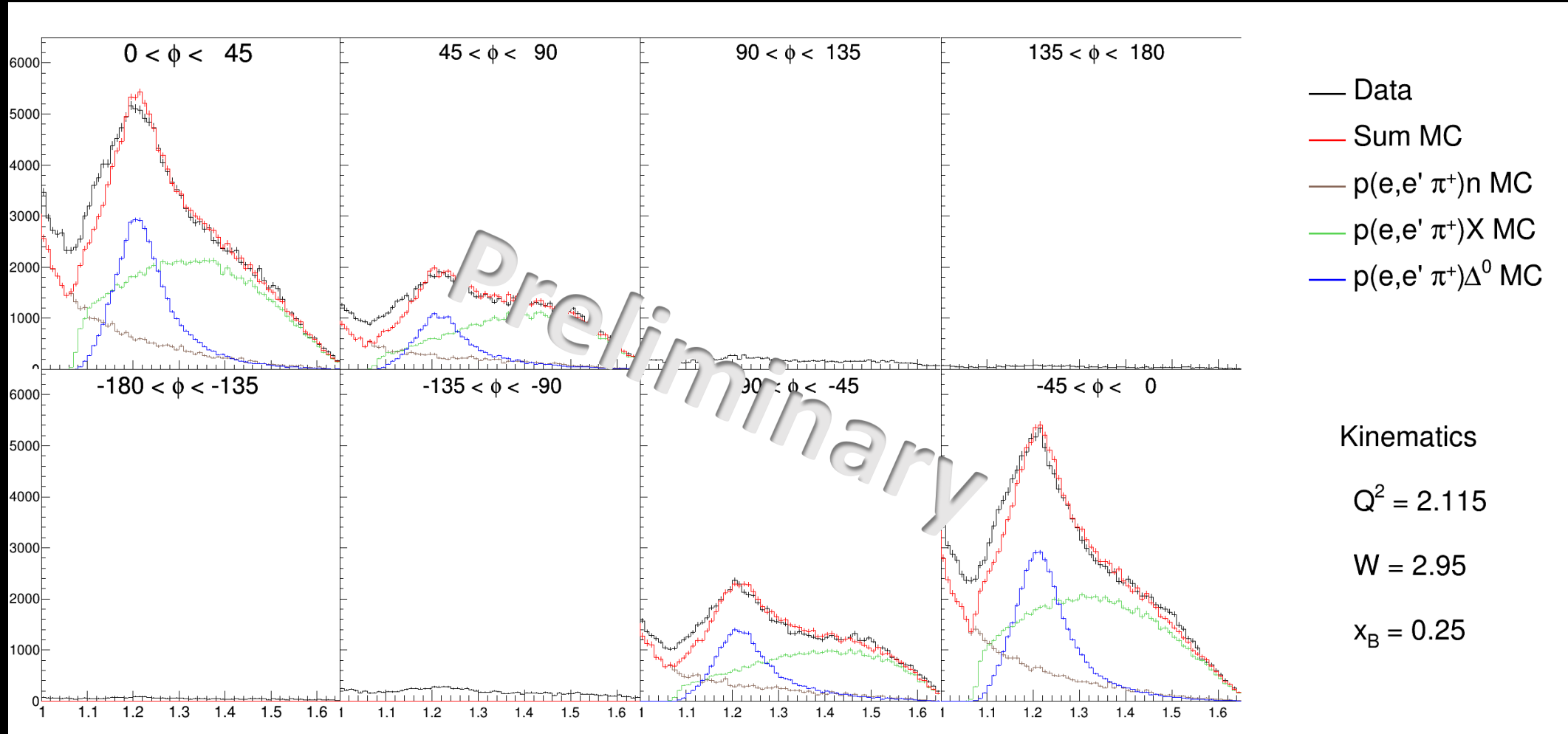
# $\Delta^0$ Shape study



$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95, Center$



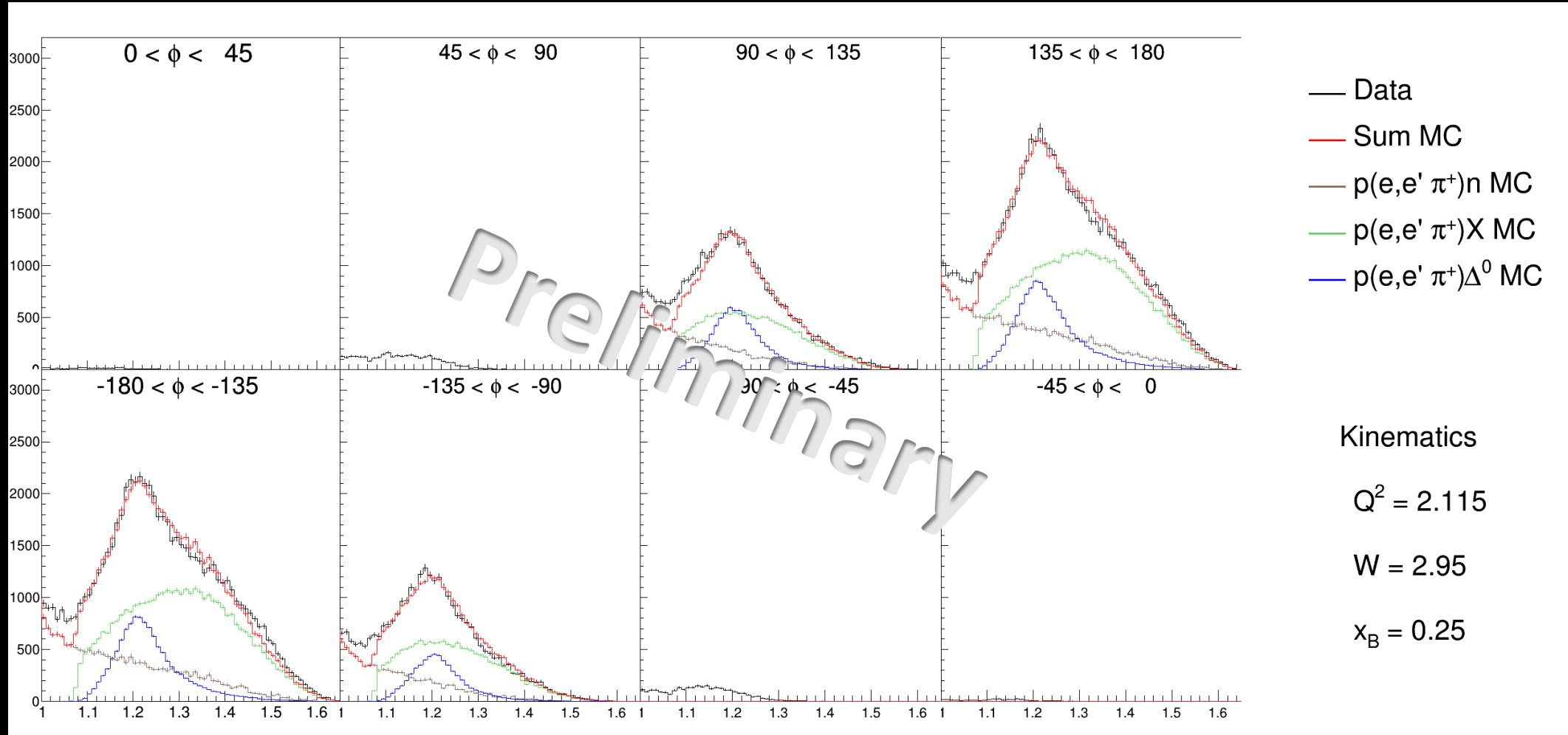
# $\Delta^0$ Shape study



$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95, Right$



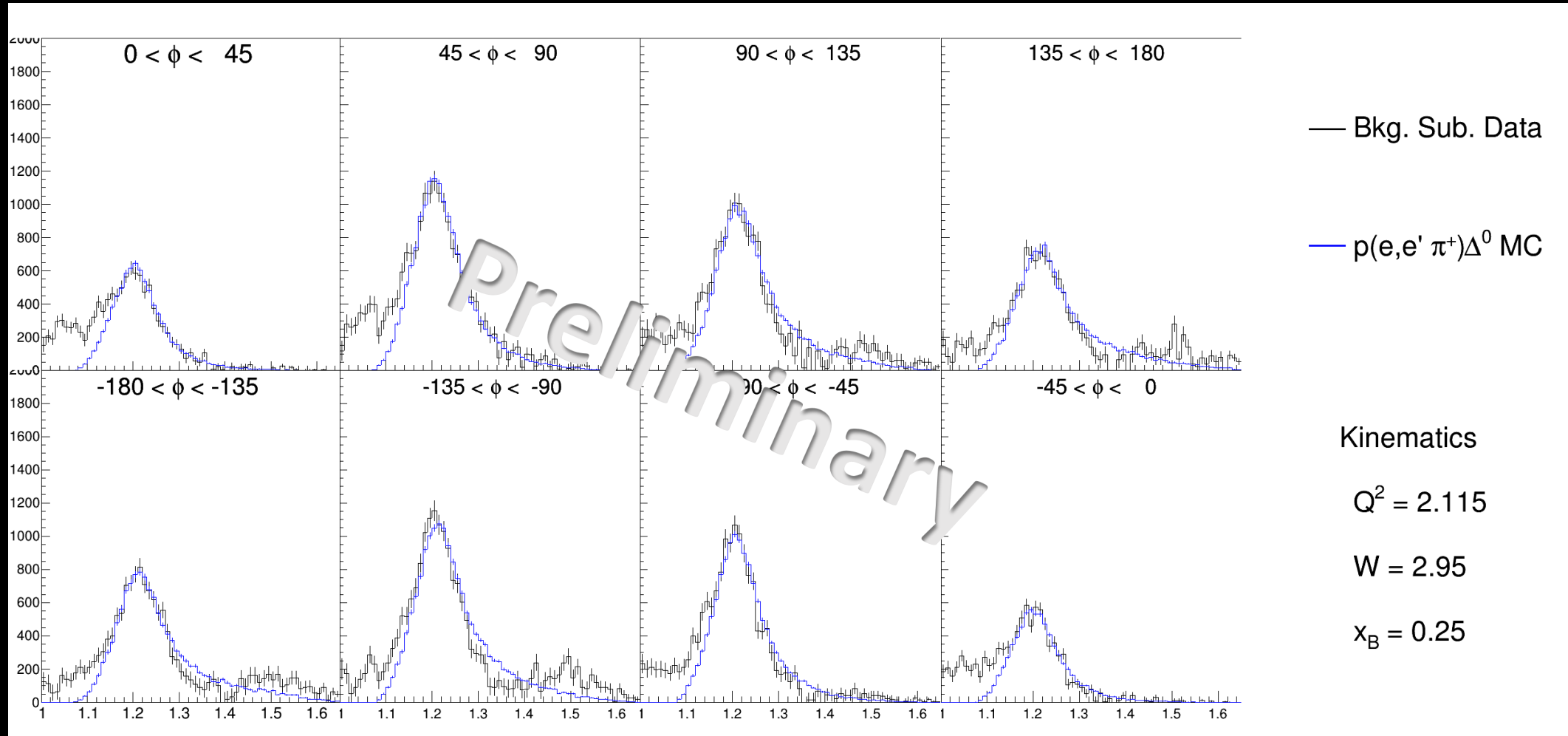
# $\Delta^0$ Shape study



$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95, \text{left}$



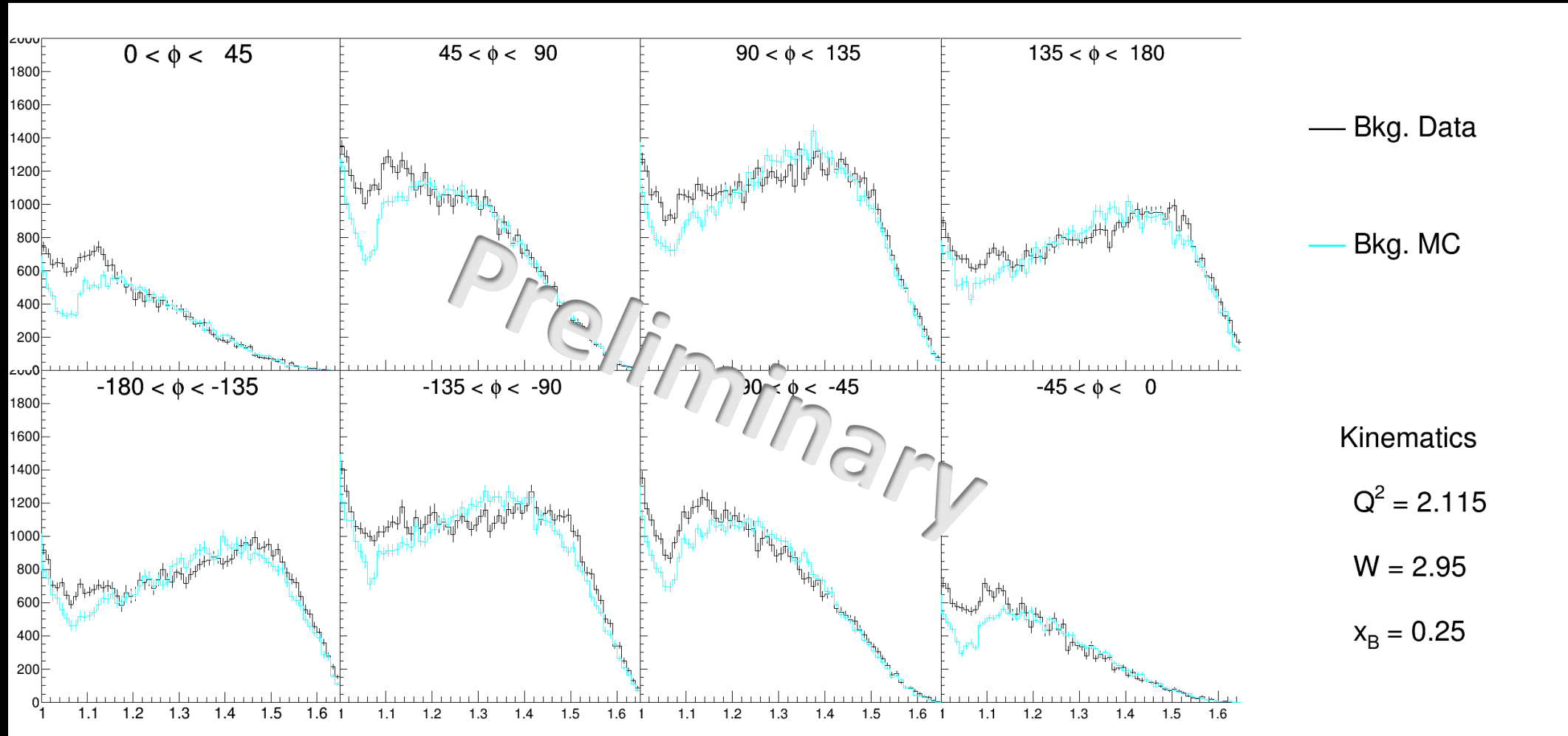
# $\Delta^0$ Selection



$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$



# Missing Mass - Background



$Q^2 = 2.115, W = 2.95$





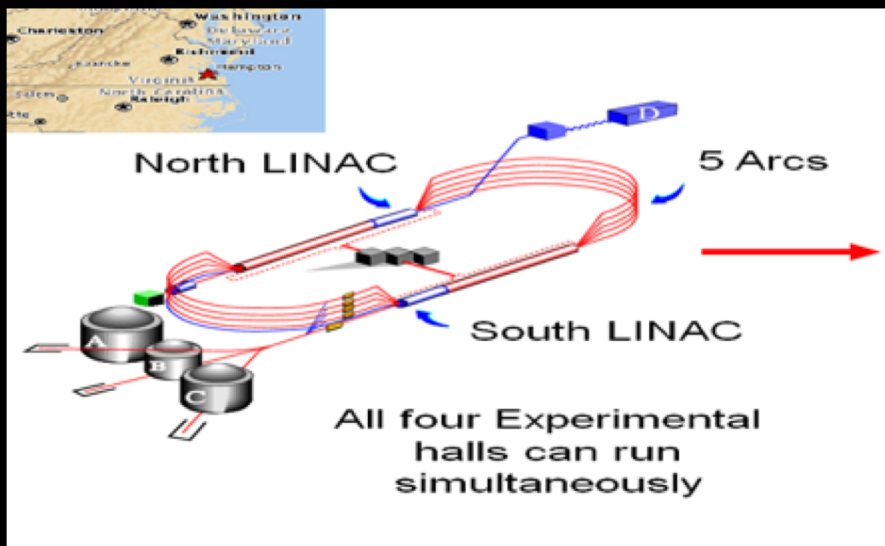
# $\phi$ Coverage

- Hall C 12 GeV upgrade was motivated by extreme forward angle requirements for L/T separation experiments.
- To get a full  $\phi$  coverage, data is taken three degrees on the left and right of the  $Q$ -vector (in pion arm).
- *Measurements are only possible due to small angle capabilities of SHMS.*





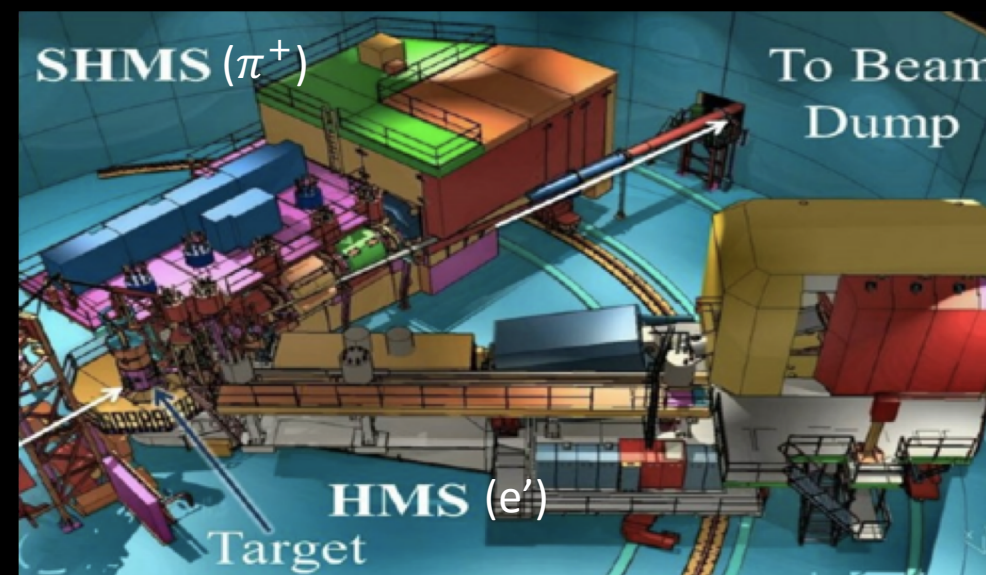
# Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility



- Consists of two superconducting electron LINACs.
- Capable of delivering high luminosity beam to four halls.
- Variable beam energies and high current (critical for L/T separation).

## Hall C

- Specifically designed to measure precise cross-sections.
- Two advanced rotatable magnetic spectrometers (HMS and SHMS).
- Particles of specific momentum are studied by using a magnet system.





# SHMS Detector System

DETECTOR	PURPOSE	NOTES
S1XY, S2XY Hodoscopes	Lowest-level Trigger. Time reference	
Aerogel Cerenkov	Particle ID, K <sup>+</sup> /p discrimination	n= 1.011,1.015, 1.03,1.05
Heavy-Gas Cerenkov	Particle ID, Trigger. $\pi^{\pm}/K^{\pm}$ discrimination	C <sub>4</sub> F <sub>10</sub> - Kept at roughly 1 atm pressure
Drift Chambers	Momentum Measurement. Tracking.	5mm max. drift 300 micron resolution
Preshower / Shower Counters	Particle ID, Trigger. Electron tag	

